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PART I.

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

GENERAL AND REVENUE.

No. 13220—*Mis. F. 21-96, dated 16th April 1898.*

For clause (b) of Regulation II of the Regulations under the Epidemic Diseases Regulation published with Notification No. 9384—*Mis. F. 21-96, dated the 10th February 1898*, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(b) take measures for segregating and retaining such person in his own house or in some other suitable place, if from the fact of such house or place being situated at a distance from crowded localities and from being surrounded by a large compound the Health Officer thinks that the said person can be there treated with no greater risk of spreading the infection than would arise if he were removed to a place provided under Regulation 8.”

No. 13221—*Mis. F. 21-96, dated 16th April 1898.*

For clause (b) of Regulation 3 of the Regulations under the Epidemic Diseases Regulation published with Notification No. 9383—*Mis. F. 21-96, dated the 10th February 1898*, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(b) take measures for segregating and detaining such person in his own house or in some other suitable place, if from the fact of such house or place being situated at a distance from crowded localities and from being surrounded by a large compound the Medical Officer in charge thinks that the person can be there treated with no greater risk of spreading the infection than if he were removed to a place provided under the preceding Regulation 2.”

No. 13817—L. F. 87-96, dated 26th April 1898.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, it is hereby declared that the land described in the annexed schedule is required for a public purpose, viz., for the construction of a musafirkhana at Saligram, Yedatore taluk :—

District—Mysore.	Dry, wet or garden—Dry.
Talak—Yedatore.	Extent—2 acres and 6 guntas.
Hobli—Saligram.	Kandayam—Its. two only.
Village—Saligram.	Boundaries :—
Owners of the land—Chaluvappa Narasanna bin Singra Nakk, Narasimha bin Pillappa Subbanna kom Rasanna.	East—Land belonging to Anjanaya temple and Kali.
Particulars :—	West—Road.
Survey No—Paiki No. 1 in Survey No. 1.	South—Village boundary.
	North—Paiki No. 2, Survey No. 1.

No. 13860—J. 1445, dated 26th April 1898.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. A. Rangaswamy Iyengar, Inspector General of Police in Mysore, is granted casual leave of absence for fifteen days, with effect from 1st May 1898 or such other date as he may avail himself of the same.

Mr. K. Chandy, Assistant Secretary to Government, attached to the Inspector General of Police as Office Assistant, will be in charge of the current duties of the Inspector General's office during the absence of Mr. A. Rangaswamy Iyengar on casual leave or until further orders.

No. 13863—Mis. 2955, dated 26th April 1898.

The casual leave for seven days granted in Notification No. 13096—Mis. 2774, dated 13th April 1898, to Mr. L. Anantarami Rao, Under-Secretary to Government, is extended by one day.

No. 13905—Mis. 2960, dated 26th April 1898.

Under Article 171 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. B. Ramaswamaiya, Probationary Assistant Commissioner, Dewan's office, is granted casual leave of absence for three days, with effect from the 28th April 1898 or from such other date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 13908—Mis. 2963, dated 26th April 1898.

The following List of Papers, placed at the disposal of the Press, is published for general information :—

Serial No.	No. and Date of Proceedings.	Subject.
1	10769-70—L. F. 27-97, dated 4th March 1898.	Sanctioning revised rates of scavenging cess in the Bangalore City and the entertainment of an establishment for collection of the cess.
2	11301-3—L. F. 89-97, dated 14th March 1898.	Sanctioning the grant of a loan of Rs. 50,000 to the Bangalore City Municipality on the usual terms to carry out certain sanitary improvements.
3	9314-92—R. 8036, dated 29th March 1898.	Reviewing the demand, collection and balance statements under the heads of "Land Revenue," &c, for 7 months ending 31st January 1898.
4	8528—Ft. F. 31-95, dated 14th March 1898.	Reviewing the report of the Conservator of Forests on the results of the sandalwood sales in the several kotis of the State held in 1897-98.
5	9531-71—R. 5113, dated 1st April 1898.	Issuing instructions as regards the inspection of boundary marks by Jamabandi Officers, &c., to prevent the recurrence of boundary disputes between Mysore and British Territories.
6	8070-73—R. F. 75-97, dated 2nd March 1898.	Sanctioning an advance not exceeding Rs. 15,000, being made for the Agricultural Bank proposed to be established at kasba Chiknayakanhalli in the Chiknayakanhalli taluk.
7	8219-22—R. F. 68-97, dated 5th March 1898.	Do Rs. 20,000 do Sakrepatna, Kadur taluk.
8	10727-34—L. F. 266-96, dated 3rd March 1897.	Observing that the cultivation of mulberry within Municipal limits is objectionable.
9	9147-8—Ft. F. 10-97, dated 24th March 1898.	Passing orders on the Hassan Deputy Commissioner's report, regarding certain depredations committed by wild elephants in the Hassan district.

No. 13962—*Mis. F. 252-92, dated 27th April 1898.*

Mr. G. G. Noronha, L. M. & S., Assistant Surgeon, 3rd Class, h
approved service in that Class, is promoted to the 2nd Class, with effect from 3th March 1898.

No. 13998—*Mis. F. 21-96, dated 27th April 1898.*

Under Section 2 of the Epidemic Diseases Regulation of 1897, the Government of Mysore are pleased to direct the introduction into the City of Bangalore of a system of house to house inspection, and to empower the Plague Commissioner in Mysore to take such measures as he shall deem necessary for the due enforcement of that system.

No. 14152—*L. F. 244-96, dated 29th April 1898.*

Mr. Koppada Puttappa of Anekal, Member of the District Fund Board of the Bangalore Circle, whose term of office has expired, is hereby re-appointed a Member of that Board for a further period of five years, with effect from the 21st January 1898.

No. 14184—*J. 1461, dated 29th April 1898.*

Under Section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Mr. C. Krishna Row, Extra Assistant Commissioner and a Magistrate of the 1st Class, Chitaldrug district, is invested with the following powers specified in the 4th Schedule as additional powers which Government may confer on a Magistrate of the said Class:—

- (1) Power to make orders as to local nuisances, Section 133.
- (2) Power to sell property alleged or suspected to have been stolen, &c., Section 524.

No. 14215—*J. 1473, dated 30th April 1898.*

The five days' casual leave granted to Mr. S. Sreenivasa Rao, Officiating Assistant Superintendent of Police, Kolar district, in Government Notification No. 12378—*J. 1330, dated the 30th March 1898*, is hereby extended by ten days, and the whole treated as casual leave under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations.

No. 14257—*Mis. F. 155-92, dated 30th April 1898.*

The following temporary promotion and transfers are ordered during the absence of Mr. D. A. Choksi on special duty or until further orders:—

Name.	Rank.	From.	To.	Remarks.
Dr. A. S. Fernandes, M.D.	Civil Surgeon	Kadur district.	Bangalore district.	Joined on the forenoon of 22nd March 1898.
Mr. T. S. Nanjappa, M.B., C.M.	Asst. do	Hassan do	Kadur district, as Acting Civil Surgeon, last grade.	Do do on 23rd March 1898.
Mr. T. V. Kuppusami Mudaliar, L. M. & S.	Do do	Local Fund Dispensary, Saklespur.	Hassan district	Joined on the afternoon of 22nd March 1898.
Mr. M. Jaganatham Pillay, L. M. & S.	Sub-Assistant Surgeon.	General Hospital, Mysore.	Local Fund Dispensary, Saklespur.	Joined on the afternoon of 21st March 1898.

No. 14310—*Mis. F. 21-96, dated 2nd May 1898.*

Whereas the Government of Mysore are satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of Bubonic Plague at Marikoppa village in the Honnali taluk of the Shimoga district, if people from the Bombay Presidency, His Highness the Nizam's Dominions and other "infected parts" are permitted to visit Marikoppa on the occasion of the festival which is to be held there on the 12th May 1898.

In exercise of the powers vested in them under Section 2, Sub-Section (1) of the Epidemic Diseases Regulation No. II of 1897, the Government of Mysore are pleased to direct that no person from any of the places aforesaid shall be permitted to visit Marikoppa from the 10th to the 15th of May 1898, both days inclusive.

No. 14285—L. F. 87-96, dated 2nd May 1898.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, it is hereby declared that the lands described in the annexed schedule are required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for opening a road in the Mussalman street in the Nanjangud Municipality :—

Taluk.	Hobli.	Town.	Serial No.	Door No.	Name of owner or occupier.	Extent to be taken up.				Boundaries.			
						Description.	Area.			East.	West.	North.	South.
							East to west.	North to south.	Sq. feet.				
Nanjangud.	Nanjangud.	Nanjangud.	1	..	Bada Sab's wife Hussain Bi.	Vacant site.	8	44	352	Government land.	Hussain Bi's house.	Bada Sab's house.	Government land.
			2	...	Bada Sab's son Budan Sab.	Do	8	42	336	Government land and Puttagauda's backyard.	Budan Sab's house.	Budan Sab's backyard.	Nanjagauda's backyard.
			3	...	Nanjagauda, son of Chamalapur Kalagauda.	Do	11	37	407	Puttagauda's backyard.	Nanjagauda's backyard.	Guruvaiya's backyard.	Bada Sab's and other houses.
			4	...	Mundada Guruvaiya.	Do	15	35	525	Do	Guruvaiya's backyard.	Do	Nanjaiya's backyard.
			5816		Bandi Timma Nanjagaudana Puttagauda.	Do	8	92	736	Do	Back-yards of Guruvaiya and Nanjagauda.	Lane	Government land.
			6817		Mandada Guruvai ya.	Tiled house of 2 ankanams, its back-ya d and vacant site.	15	28	420	Lane	Guruvaiya's house.	Hassanur ghat road.	Guruvaiya's backyard.
							15	40	600				

No. 10241—R. 3389, dated 25th April 1898.

Mr. A. Rangaswama'engur, Deputy Commissioner, delivered over, and Mr. K. Ramachandra Rao, Sub-Division Officer, received, charge of the Kolar District Treasury, Deputy Commissioner's office and District Magistrate's Court, on the afternoon of the 17th April 1898.

No. 10321—R. 3409, dated 27th April 1898.

The following transfers of Amildars are ordered :—

R. Mahadeva Rao, from the Jagalur taluk to the Holalkere taluk and N. Gopalakrishniengar, from the Holalkere taluk to the Jagalur taluk.

No. 10331—R. F. 92-97, dated 27th April 1898.

The sanction accorded to the grant of two days' casual leave to M. Lakshmana Sastri, Amildar of the Arsikere taluk, in Government Notification No. 9720—R. 3180, dated 9th April 1898, is hereby cancelled at his own request.

No. 10336—R. F. 77-97, dated 27th April 1898.

The casual leave of absence granted to Mr. B. K. Venkatavaradaiengar, Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore district, in Notifications Nos. 9767—R. F. 77-97, dated 13th April 1898 and 10006—R. F. 77-97, dated 19th April 1898, respectively, is hereby extended by five days.

No. 10339—R. F. 83-96, dated 27th April 1898.

The eleven months' furlough under Article 220 of the Mysore Service Regulations granted to Amildar C. Shama'engur in Government Notification No. 4966—R. F. 83-96, dated 8th December 1897, is hereby extended by one month.

No. 10371—R. 3428, dated 28th April 1898.

Under Article 173 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. Aravamudiengar, Probationary Assistant Commissioner, Tumkur district, is granted casual leave of absence for fifteen days, with effect from the 1st May 1898 or such other date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 10407—R. 3440, dated 28th April 1898.

Under Article 188 of the Mysore Service Regulations, T. Venkatramaiya, Deputy Amildar of the Yedahalli sub-taluk, Kadur district, is granted privilege leave of absence for two months, with effect from 27th April 1898 or from such other date as he may avail himself of it.

K. Narasim'engur, now acting as Deputy Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Yedahalli sub-taluk, will continue to act as such during the absence of T. Venkatramaiya on leave or until further orders.

SALE OF ARRACK VEND FARMS FOR 1898-99.

Notification No. 8953 --Ex. 349; dated Bangalore, 21st March 1898.

It is hereby notified by the Government of Mysore that the exclusive privilege of selling Arrack in the defined tracts specified in the subjoined schedule for the twelve months, beginning with 1st July 1898 and ending with 30th June 1899, will be sold by the respective Deputy Commissioners or by Assistant Commissioners specially authorized by the Deputy Commissioners for the purpose, at the taluk head-quarters in the respective districts, on the dates specified in the said schedule, subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth. If the sales are not completed on those days, they will be continued on the next following days. Should there be no bids for any of the aforesaid tracts singly, the officer conducting the sale may revise the tracts at discretion, clubbing together more than one tract, or selling the tracts by taluks, or, if necessary, reserving special tracts in which there may at present be no shops for disposal afterwards.

2. The exclusive privilege above described will be put up to auction, farm by farm, and each farm put up to auction will be knocked down to the approved highest bidder, subject to formal confirmation by the Deputy Commissioner, who will be at liberty to accept or reject the bid at discretion without assigning reasons for the same. Such formal confirmation will, *unless revised by Government, for special reasons*, be tantamount to an acceptance of the bid.

3. Parties intending to bid must attend either in person or by duly authorized agents. The successful bidder must, on the farm being knocked down to him and before the next farm is put up for sale, deposit a sum equal to 3ths of a month's rent; and within fifteen days from the date of confirmation of sale by the Deputy Commissioner, he must deposit such further sum as, with the former deposit, will make up an aggregate sum equal to two months' rent. If he fails to make either of the deposits aforesaid, the deposits already made will be forfeited, and the exclusive privilege will be immediately re-sold or otherwise disposed of as the Deputy Commissioner may direct; and he shall be debarred from bidding again for the same or for any other farm.

4. Re-sales effected under para 3 will be at the risk of the defaulting bidder, who will forfeit all gain, and in the event of a loss by the re-sale, will make good the deficiency between the total amount payable by him for the whole period under the terms of the original sale and the total amount payable by the successful bidder at the re-sale. In the latter case, the forfeited deposit will be deducted from the loss arising from the re-sale; and the remainder, if any, will be recovered from the bidder in the same manner as if it were an arrear of land revenue. Should, however, the forfeited deposit be greater than the loss by re-sale, the whole of such deposit will be credited to Government.

5. The purchaser of the exclusive privilege shall sign an agreement binding himself to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth; and the agreement shall be executed within ten days of the expiry of the period of fifteen days above mentioned. If the purchaser fails or refuses to sign the agreement, all deposits already made will be forfeited; and the exclusive privilege will be re-sold at the risk and loss of the first purchaser as set forth in paras 3 and 4, or be otherwise disposed of. In the case of the purchaser's death after confirmation of the sale, it will be binding on his heirs or assigns.

6. The details of consumption of Arrack in the shops of the existing farms and at depôts, the amount of rental of each farm, &c., for several years past are specified in the appended schedule.

7. As soon as the agreement has been executed, the Deputy Commissioner will issue a license in the prescribed form, assigning to the purchaser the exclusive privilege referred to therein, subject to the following conditions:—

- (1) The exclusive privilege shall extend only to the sale of Arrack ordinarily of 20° under-proof, and with the special permission of the Deputy Commissioner or other officer authorized by him, to the sale of Arrack of 30° under-proof. But it shall not extend to the sale of double-distilled country spirits and other special liquors of whatever strength manufactured at the Government Central Distillery, Bangalore, and which the Foreign liquor shop-keepers alone are permitted to sell.

- (2) The amount for which the privilege has been purchased shall be payable into the local Government Treasuries on printed chellans furnished for the purpose by Government, in equal monthly instalments commencing from 1st July 1898; each instalment shall be regarded as the rent for the month in respect of which it is payable. Each month's rent shall be payable on or before the 20th of the same month. If default is made, the Amildar may, with the sanction of the Deputy Commissioner, declare, by record in writing, that the license is forfeited, and proceed to re-sell the farm as soon after the last day of the month as may be possible. Provided, however, that instead of re-selling the farm as above, the Deputy Commissioner may, in his discretion, direct the Amildar to break up the defaulting farm into the existing number of shops within it, and to give each separate shop-keeper a license for the rent he agrees to pay, provided the total of such rents is not less than what the defaulting farmer had agreed to pay.
- (3) (a) The deposit made by the licensee shall be taken in payment of the instalments due in the last two months of the period of the farm. Provided, however, that where the farm is re-sold or broken up under the provisions of sub-clause (2) above, the deposit shall, at the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner, be either forfeited or be appropriated towards the arrears due by the defaulter, as well as towards the deficits, if any, arising from the re-sale of the farm. The balance of such arrears and deficits, if any, shall be recoverable from the licensee under the rules in force for the recovery of arrears of land revenue. No remission or abatement of the rent or compensation shall, on any account whatever, be claimable by the licensee.
- (b) Interest at 6 per cent per annum shall be recoverable on all arrears from the date of default, and on deficits from the date of re-sale.
- (4) (a) The licensee shall purchase Arrack for issue to his shops from the "Madras Consolidated Sugar and Spirit Factories, Limited," who have been appointed manufacturers of Arrack and other country spirits to the State, or from any Bonded Depôt established under the sanction of Government. The rate to be charged by the said manufacturers for Arrack supplied by them, shall be $6\frac{1}{3}$ annas per gallon of 20° under-proof, and proportionate rates for lower strengths in accordance with Casella's rules. The licensee shall sell arrack to the public at Rs. 6-6-0, per gallon of 20° under-proof (i. e., at annas 2 per dram which is equal to $\frac{1}{5}$ part of a gallon), and at proportionate rates for lower strengths.
- (b) The above rate to be charged by the manufacturers is in addition to excise duty, which shall be prepaid into the local Government Treasury, as per following condition (5), at Rs. $4\frac{3}{4}$ before the removal of Arrack from the Distillery, or from any Bonded Depôt established under the sanction of Government.
- (5) The licensee shall pay the above duty into the local Taluk Treasury and obtain a receipt in the prescribed form. On production of such receipt and an indent for the supply of Arrack covered by the receipt, and on payment of the prescribed price of such Arrack to the manufacturers or their agent, or any person appointed by Government in this behalf, the Supervisor or other officer in charge of the Distillery, or the Bonded Depôt-keeper, as the case may be, shall issue the quantity of Arrack equal to the amount of duty shown in the Treasury Officer's receipt, which will be forwarded to the Excise Commissioner's office under the endorsement of the Supervisor, or other officer, or Bonded Depôt-keeper aforesaid, as to the date and hour when the Arrack was issued. The Supervisor or other officer aforesaid shall issue a pass in duplicate in the prescribed form, under the rules in force for the transport of the Arrack from the Distillery. The licensee who obtains Arrack from a Bonded Depôt shall pay both the price of Arrack and duty into the local Taluk Treasury.

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- (6) The licensee in the Bangalore district shall maintain at a place or places within his farm where it may be considered necessary by the Deputy Commissioner, a depôt or depôts to which all Arrack purchased by him shall in the first instance be conveyed in his own casks for verification, &c., of the consignment under the rules in force, before issue to the shop-keepers. The depôts shall at all times be opened to inspection by the Deputy Commissioner or any officer of the Excise Department. No such depôt shall be opened without a license from the Deputy Commissioner in the prescribed form. The licensees in the remaining seven districts will draw their supplies from, and deposit the same for issue to their shops in, the existing Bonded Depôts, the cost of the establishments and rent whereof being borne by the Government contractor for carriage of Arrack to Bonded Depôts.
 - (7) The Arrack shall be sold as issued from the Distillery, Bonded Depôt, or Farm Depôt, and shall not be adulterated or diluted in any manner in the shops.
 - (8) The licensee shall keep true accounts of the quantity and strength of the Arrack purchased by him and issued to shop-keepers. The passes issued with the arrack purchased by him shall be subject to examination and check under the Rahadari rules in force or which may be issued by Government from time to time.
 - (9) The Arrack shall not be sold except in shops duly licensed by the Deputy Commissioner in the prescribed form, and no new shops shall be opened without the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner.
 - (10) The Deputy Commissioner may, whenever he thinks fit, direct any shops to be closed, or permit transfers of shops from one place to another.
 - (11) The licensee shall not, during the term of the license, have any interest in the exclusive privilege of vending toddy in any part of the farm to which the license relates, nor permit any person having interest in the exclusive privilege of vending toddy in any part of the farm, to hold any share or interest in his exclusive privilege of selling Arrack; nor shall he, during the term of his license, without the written permission of the Excise Commissioner, have any interest, direct or indirect, in any Arrack farm in any Districts of the Madras or Bombay Presidency under the British Government or in any other Foreign State or Territory.
 - (12) The licensee shall be bound to take over any Arrack which may remain as stock in hand belonging to the out-going farmer on the 1st July 1898 in the existing Bonded Depôt in his farm, or in the Farm Depôt, or in his shops, paying to the out-going farmer such compensation for the same as may be fixed by the Excise Commissioner.
 - (13) The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Excise laws and rules in force, and by any additional rules which may from time to time be prescribed under the Excise laws. The licensee shall use such measures as may from time to time be prescribed by Government, and provide himself with the prescribed forms of Accounts and permits or passes for the transport of arrack, which forms shall be purchased from the local Excise officers.
 - (14) The farm shall not be transferable except with the permission of the Excise Commissioner.
 - (15) Resignations of farms in whole or part will be summarily rejected by the Deputy Commissioner.
8. In case of any breach of the aforesaid conditions or of the license either by the licensee, or with his connivance or privity by any person in his employment, or in the event of the licensee neglecting to open his shops or to carry on the business of his farm with due care and attention, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to impose upon the licensee a fine not exceeding the sum of Rs. 50 for every such breach of such conditions or for such neglect, or at the option of the Deputy Commissioner to declare the money deposited with him forfeited and to cancel the license and re-sell the exclusive privilege or to otherwise dispose of it, at the risk of the licensee or to place the farm under the management of Gov-

ernment; and all loss hereby caused, together with all losses accruing to Government in consequence of the licensee's neglect to carry on his business by opening his shops on 1st July 1898, should be made good by the licensee. When a farm is cancelled, the rent for the whole period of the farm shall become due at once. All such amounts of penalties and losses shall be recovered in the same manner as if they were the arrears of land revenue.

9. The imposition of a fine or the forfeiture of deposit or the cancellation of the license under the last preceding condition shall not be held to prevent the prosecution of the licensee or his agents or employes for any offence punishable under the Excise laws or other law for the time being in force.

(For Schedule, see Extraordinary Gazette of the 29th April 1898).

No. 8954—*Ex.* 350, dated 21st March 1898.

SALE OF SEPARATE ARRACK SHOPS FOR 1898-99.

1. Notice is hereby given that the right of selling Arrack in each of the separate shops in the tracts specified in the subjoined schedule, for the twelve months beginning with 1st July 1898, and ending with 30th June 1899, will be put up to public auction on the dates and at the places named in the said schedule, by the Deputy Commissioner or other officer authorized by him.

2. Each bidder at the auction will deposit a sum of Rs. 60 or such other reasonable amount as may be fixed by the officer conducting the sale, previous to bidding. The shops will be knocked down to the approved highest bidder, subject to formal confirmation by the Deputy Commissioner, who will be at liberty to accept or reject the bid at discretion without assigning reasons for the same. Such formal confirmation will unless revised by Government for special reasons, be tantamount to an acceptance of the bid. Parties intending to bid must attend either in person or by duly accredited agents.

3. As soon as the auction is completed, the deposits made by the unsuccessful bidders and not forfeited as hereinafter provided, will be returned to them. As the auction proceeds, the person whose bid is accepted for each shop shall at once deposit a sum equal to 1/5th of a month's rent for that shop; and within seven days from the date of confirmation of sale by the Deputy Commissioner, he must deposit such further sum as, with the former deposits, will make up an aggregate sum equal to two months' rent. Should he fail to make either of the deposits aforesaid, the deposits already made will be forfeited, the shop will at once be re-sold or otherwise disposed of under orders of the Deputy Commissioner, and he will be debarred from bidding again for the same or for any other shop.

4. Re-sales effected under para 3 will be at the risk of the defaulting bidder, who will forfeit all gain; and in the event of a loss by re-sale, he will make good the deficiency between the total amount payable for the whole period under the terms of the original sale and the total amount payable by the successful bidder at the re-sale. In the latter case, the forfeited deposit will be deducted from the loss arising from the re-sale and the remainder, if any, will be recovered from the bidder in the same manner as if it were an arrear of land revenue. Should, however, the forfeited deposit be greater than the loss by re-sale, the whole of such deposit will be credited to Government.

5. Persons to whom shops have been knocked down shall, within ten days of the expiry of the period of seven days above mentioned, take out licenses and execute agreements in the prescribed form, on the conditions hereinafter set forth. On the failure of any person to take out licenses or to execute agreements as aforesaid, the shop or shops will be re-sold at the risk of such person, or if the auction hereby notified has already been completed, will be otherwise disposed of at the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner. In the case of the purchaser's death after confirmation of the sale, it will be binding on his heirs or assigns.

6. The amount of rental, the consumption of each shop, &c., for several years past are specified in the appended schedule.

7. The license to be taken out under para 5 above, shall be subject to the following conditions, namely:—

- (1) The privilege conferred by the license, extends only to the sale of Arrack of the strength of 20° under-proof. But it shall not extend to the sale

of double-distilled country spirits and other special liquors of whatever strength manufactured at the Government Central Distillery, Bangalore, and which the foreign liquor shop-keepers alone are permitted to sell.

- (2) (a) The amount for which the privilege has been purchased shall be payable into the local Government Treasury, in equal monthly instalments commencing from July 1898; each instalment shall be regarded as the rent for the month in respect of which it is payable. Each month's rent shall be payable on or before the 20th of the same month. If default is made, the Amildar may, with the sanction of the Deputy Commissioner, declare, by record in writing, that the lease is forfeited and proceed to re-sell the shops as soon after the last day of the month as may be possible. The deposit made by the licensee shall be taken in payment of the instalments due in the last two months of the period of the lease. Provided, however, that when the shops are re-sold, the deposit shall, at the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner, be either forfeited or be appropriated towards the arrears due by the defaulter, as well as towards the deficits, if any, arising from the re-sale of the shops. The balance of such arrears and deficits, if any, shall be recoverable from the licensee under the rules in force for the recovery of arrears of land revenue. No remission or abatement of the rent or compensation shall, on any account, whatever, be claimable by the licensee.
- (b) Interest at 6 per cent per annum shall be recoverable on all arrears from the date of default and on deficits from the date of re-sale.
- (3) The licensee shall purchase the arrack to be sold in his shop from the "Madras Consolidated Sugar and Spirit Factories, Limited" who have been appointed manufacturers of Arrack and other country spirits to the State, at the rate of $6\frac{1}{2}$ annas per gallon of 20° under-proof delivered at the Distillery, or from a Bonded Depot established under the sanction of Government. The Arrack shall be sold to the public by the licensee at Rs. 6-6-0 per gallon of 20° under-proof, (i. e., at annas 2 per dram which is equal to $\frac{1}{16}$ part of a gallon).
- (4) The licensee of every shop in the towns of Bangalore and Mysore shall pay a registration fee under the Municipal Regulation, at the rate of Rs. 180 per annum in advance for the period of the license for his shop; and he shall pay also a license fee of 4 annas per gallon on all Arrack sold by him in excess of 55 gallons a month in each.
- (5) The above rate to be charged by the manufacturers and the above fee are in addition to the Excise duty which shall be prepaid as per following condition (6); at the prescribed rate of Rs. $4\frac{3}{4}$ per gallon of 20° under-proof, before the removal of the arrack from the Bonded Depot established under the sanction of Government.
- (6) The licensee shall pay the above duty and price to a special shroff appointed in this behalf at the cost of Government and located at the Taluk Cutcherry to receive such duty and price daily, including Sundays and holidays, and shall obtain a receipt in the prescribed printed form. On production of such receipt and an indent for the supply of the Arrack covered by the receipt, the Bonded Depot-keeper shall issue the quantity of Arrack equal to the amount of duty shown in the said receipt which will be forwarded to the Excise Commissioner's office under the endorsement of the Bonded Depot-keeper aforesaid, as to the date and hour when the arrack was issued. The Depot-keeper aforesaid shall issue a pass in the prescribed form for the transport of arrack from the Bonded Depot.
- (7) The licensee shall use such measures as may from time to time be prescribed by Government, and provide himself with the printed forms of accounts and permits or passes for transport of Arrack, which forms shall be purchased from local Excise Officers.

- (8) Resignations of shops in whole or part will be summarily rejected by the Deputy Commissioner.
- (9) The licensee shall be bound by the rules in force, and which may be issued from time to time by Government.
- (10) The remaining terms and conditions shall be as set forth in the prescribed license.

8. In case of any breach of the above conditions either by the licensee, or with his connivance and privity, by any person in his employment, or in the event of the licensee neglecting to open his shop, or to carry on his business with due care and attention, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to impose upon the licensee a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 for every such breach or for such neglect, or, at the option of the Deputy Commissioner, to declare the money deposited with him forfeited, and to cancel the license and to re-sell the shop or to otherwise dispose of it at the risk of the licensee; and all loss thereby caused, together with the loss accruing to Government in consequence of the licensee not carrying on his business by opening his shop on 1st July 1898, shall be made good by him. When a shop is cancelled, the rent for the whole period of the shop shall become due at once, which shall be recovered together with all losses as if they were arrears of land revenue.

9. The penalties laid down in the last preceding clause shall not exempt the licensee or his employes from prosecution for any offence committed against the Excise laws or other law in force.

(For Schedule, see Extraordinary Gazette, dated 29th April 1898.)

SALE OF TODDY SHOPS FOR 1898-99.

Notification No. 10353—Ex. 424, dated Bangalore, 27th April 1898.

It is hereby notified by the Government of Mysore that the exclusive privilege of selling Toddy in each shop or group of shops specified in the appended Schedule for one year, beginning with 1st July 1898 and ending with 30th June 1899, will be put up to public auction by the respective Deputy Commissioners or by Assistant Commissioners specially authorized by the Deputy Commissioners for

* As altered by Notification No. 10355—Ex. 426, dated 27th April 1898.

the purpose, on the dates mentioned in the said *Schedule, and at the respective Taluk Kasbas, and will be knocked down to the bidder offering the highest amount of rent for the aforesaid privilege. If the sales are not completed on abovenamed days, they will be continued on the next following days. The licensee is not required to make any additional payment on account of local cess. The Officer conducting the sale shall be at liberty to revise when necessary the grouping of shops as specified in Schedule hereto, and to accept or reject any bid at discretion, or to sell the said privilege in any particular case by means of tenders or by private negotiation. The sale in every case shall be subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth and shall, unless revised by the Government, take effect upon formal confirmation by the Deputy Commissioner.

2. Parties intending to bid must attend either in person or by duly authorized agents; and no person shall be permitted to bid either on his own behalf or on account of any one else until he has made a deposit of Rs. 10 in the case of individual shops, or Rs. 25 in the case of groups of shops, or such other reasonable amount as may be fixed by the Officer conducting the sale. Such deposits will be returned at the close of the sale.

3. The successful bidder must, on the exclusive privilege being knocked down to him, and before the next shop or group of shops is put up for sale, deposit a sum equal to one-twenty-fourth part of his bid for the year, that is to say, one-half of the monthly rent; and within fifteen days of the confirmation of the sale by the Deputy Commissioner being notified to him in writing, he must deposit such further sum as, with the former deposit, will make up an aggregate sum equal to three months' rent. Within ten days after the expiry of the period allowed for making the deposit of three months' rent as above, the purchaser of the exclusive privilege shall execute an agreement binding himself to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth as well as those specified in the license to be issued to him; and his

surety, if any has been accepted under the next following para, shall execute a bond in the prescribed form binding himself and so much of his movable and immovable property as may be deemed sufficient by the Deputy Commissioner, for the due fulfilment by the purchaser of the terms of his agreement. If default is made in making the deposit or deposits or in executing the agreement or the surety bond, if any, within the time allowed therefor by this para, the exclusive privilege shall be forthwith resold or otherwise disposed of by the Deputy Commissioner at the risk of the first purchaser, who shall forfeit to the Government any deposit or deposits already made by him and shall further be liable to make good any loss by the resale or other disposal but shall not be entitled to any gain by the resale or other disposal. In the case of the purchaser's death after the confirmation of the sale, it will be binding on his heirs or assigns.

4. The deposit made under the preceding para shall be either in cash or in Government of India Securities or Mysore Debentures duly endorsed in favor of the Deputy Commissioner. Provided that in lieu of a deposit of three months' rent as above, the Deputy Commissioner may, in his discretion, allow any purchaser to deposit one month's rent as above and furnish approved personal security for an amount equal to four months' rent.

5. As soon as the agreements and bonds have been executed, the Deputy Commissioner will issue a license in the prescribed form, assigning to the purchaser the exclusive privilege referred to therein, subject to the following conditions:—

- (1) For the supply of toddy to his shops, the licensee shall have the privilege of obtaining, subject to Tree-tax Rules, toddy-yielding trees in the groves assigned to his shops or group of shops; and he shall be at liberty to manufacture toddy from the trees in private lands, under private arrangements between himself and the owners of such lands. He may purchase toddy from any other licensed toddy shop-keeper on application to the Supervisor, who will grant the necessary permits on proof of the necessity for the same.
- (2) The exclusive privilege shall extend to the sale of date, palmyra, coconut, bagani and dadasal toddy.
- (3) The amount of rent shall be payable into the local Government Treasuries on printed chellans furnished for the purpose by Government, in equal monthly instalments commencing from 1st July 1898, each instalment shall be regarded as the rent for the month in respect of which it is payable. Each month's rent shall be payable on or before the 20th of the same month. If default is made, the Amildar may, with the sanction of the Deputy Commissioner, by record in writing, cancel the license, forfeit all deposits made by the defaulter, and proceed to resell or otherwise dispose of the shop or group of shops at the defaulter's risk as soon after the last day of the month as may be possible.
- (4) The deposit made by the licensee shall be taken in payment of the instalment due in the last month or months of the period of the license. All arrears payable by a licensee or his surety shall, with interest at 6 per cent per annum, be recoverable under the rules in force for the recovery of land revenue.
- (5) Toddy shall not be sold to the public at less than the retail rates specified in the appended schedule.
- (6) The toddy shall be sold pure as drawn from trees, and shall not be adulterated or diluted in any manner in the shops, or depôts, if any.
- (7) If the licensee of a group of shops wishes to establish a depôt for depositing toddy required for distribution to his shops, he shall obtain a license for it in the prescribed form.
- (8) The toddy shall not be sold except in shops duly licensed by the Deputy Commissioner in the prescribed form, and no new shops shall be opened without the previous sanction of the Excise Commissioner. Tree-foot sales or sales in the open, or the disposal of toddy in any other manner unauthorized by the Rules are strictly prohibited.

- (9) The Deputy Commissioner may, whenever he thinks fit, direct any shop or shops to be closed, or permit transfers of shops from one place to another within two hundred yards of the original sanctioned site.
- (10) The licensee shall not, during the term of the license, have any interest in the exclusive privilege of vending arrack, nor permit any person having interest in the exclusive privilege of vending arrack to hold any share or interest in his exclusive privilege of selling toddy; nor shall he, during the term of his license, without the written permission of the Excise Commissioner, have any interest, direct or indirect, in any toddy shop or farm outside the Territories of Mysore.
- (11) The licensee shall be bound by the provisions of the Excise law and rules thereunder for the time being in force and by the terms and conditions of the license. The licensee shall use such measures of capacity as may, from time to time, be prescribed by Government, and provide himself with permits for the transport of toddy. Printed forms of permits may be purchased from Excise officers.
- (12) The license shall not be transferable, except with the permission of the Excise Commissioner.
- (13) For the convenience of the licensee, the applications for tree-tapping licenses will be received, trees will be marked, and licenses will be issued during the fifteen days immediately preceding the period to which they relate, to take effect from the commencement of such period; provided that no toddy shall be drawn except during the currency of such license.

6. The Tree-tapping Rules provide as follows:—

- (1) Tree-tapping licenses in the prescribed form shall be issued on the application—
 - (a) of licensed toddy shop-keepers,
 - (b) of toddy shop-keepers in British Territory desirous of obtaining toddy from trees growing in the Mysore Territory but free from payment to the Mysore Government of the Tree-tax prescribed in clause 9 below, and
 - (c) of tree-owners in coffee estates, hittals and kans in the malnad free of the tree-tax prescribed in clause 9 below for the number of trees fixed by the Excise Commissioner for the drawing of toddy for *bona fide* domestic purposes as per Notifications Nos. 242 and 24560—R. 3597, dated 24th March 1885, and 22nd June 1895.

The licenses may be issued in the name of applicant himself or of his nominees.

- (2) Applications for the grant of tree-tapping licenses must be made in the prescribed form to the Excise Supervisor of the Range concerned. Forms may be obtained from him or the Inspectors under him. They must bear a court-fee stamp of one anna.
- (3) Applications for tree-tapping licenses, for trees in occupied or alienated lands, should be countersigned by the owner of the trees intended to be marked in token of his consent.
- (4) Persons applying for the issue of licenses will be responsible to Government for all sums payable as tree-tax on account of the trees licensed therein to be tapped.
- (5) On receipt of an application the Supervisor will at once take steps for the marking of the trees by an Officer superior in rank to an Examiner and for the timely issue of the license.
- (6) Deputy Commissioners may, subject to the orders of the Excise Commissioner from time to time, prescribe the minimum number of trees for which licenses will be granted and the minimum number to be entered in a single application. They may also direct that the trees situated in one village only shall be included in an application.
- (7) No trees shall be tapped, nor shall toddy be drawn from any toddy tree nor shall any pot be attached to any toddy tree, until the tree has been marked by the proper officer. But the preparation of the spathes for the drawing of toddy is permitted as soon as the application in the prescribed form has been delivered to the Supervisor.

- (8) For all toddy-yielding trees, tree-tapping licenses shall be annual.
- (9) No tree is to be tapped for toddy without a license therefor to be obtained by payment of tree-tax at the following rates:—

Tree.	Tree-tax for each tree per an m including local cess.		
	Rs.	a.	p.
Date	1	1	0
Cocoanut	2	2	0
Palmyra	1	9	6
Bagani or Sago palm	1	9	6
Dadasal (Arenga wightii)	0	8	6

NOTE—The licenses will be free of tax to the Mysore Government in the cases specified in clause 1 (b) and (c) above.

- (10) The Government waive for the current year the levy of a rent, in addition to tree-tax, on Government trees tapped for supply of shops included in this Notification.

NOTE (1) Tree rent at 4 annas per tree with local cess thereon shall be levied for Government trees tapped for the supply of shops in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore and those outside the Territories of Mysore.

NOTE (2) No trees upon Government occupied land can be tapped without the consent of the owner. The present arrangement as regards trees on alienated land will hold good subject of course to the levy by Government of tree-tax.

- (11) The tree-tax shall be payable in the following instalments, unless the Excise Commissioner shall otherwise direct:—

Period within which license is applied for.	Proportion of tree-tax to be paid at the time of application for license.	Proportion of tree-tax to be paid before the end of the month following.
Between 1st July 1898 and 30th April 1899.	One-third	The remaining two-thirds.
Between 1st May 1899 and 30th June 1899.	The whole.	

- (12) Under the arrangement which has been arrived at with the Government of Madras, the tree-tax on toddy produced by the trees in the Madras Presidency but consumed in the Mysore State, will be credited to the Mysore Government and *vice versa*. The rate of tree-tax to be paid in such cases will invariably be the highest in force on either side of the frontier. The following procedure shall be observed on the subject—

- (1) Tree-tax on trees in the Madras Presidency for which tapping licenses are about to be taken out by Mysore shop-keepers, must be paid in one instalment to the Amildar of the taluk concerned in the Mysore State, who will grant a receipt in the prescribed chellan form and certify at the foot that the applicant is a person entitled to take out tree-tapping licenses. The applicant will then make his application to British authorities in accordance with the Madras Government Tree-tapping Rules, and will obtain a Transport Permit from the Supervisor concerned in the Mysore State for the transport of the toddy drawn from the frontier to the shop or depot, for which it is intended, after having complied with all requirements of the Madras Government Rules.

No. 10410—R. 3443, dated 28th April 1898.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mahomed Obiedulla, Deputy Amildar of Hosdurga sub-taluk, Chitaldrug district, is granted casual leave of absence for ten days, with effect from the 25th April 1898 or such other date as he may avail himself of the same, the Amildar of Holalkere being in charge of the Hosdurga sub-taluk in addition to his duties during the absence of Mahomed Obeidulla on leave or until further orders.

No. 10413—R. F. 139-96, dated 28th April 1898.

Under Article 171 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. B. G. Krishnaiengar, Deputy Commissioner, Hassan district, is granted casual leave of absence for four days, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same, the Senior Assistant Commissioner of the district being in charge of the current duties of the district during the absence of Mr. Krishnaiengar on leave or until further orders.

No. 10475—R. F. 57-96, dated 30th April 1898.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, A. Vedantadesigam Iyengar, Amildar of the Sira taluk, Tumkur district, is granted casual leave of absence for fifteen days, with effect from the 1st May 1898 or such other date as he may avail himself of the same, the Taluk Sheristadar being in charge of the current duties of the taluk during the absence of the Amildar on leave or until further orders.

No. 10497—Ft. F. 103-95, dated 30th April 1898.

The three days' casual leave of absence granted to Mr. K. Shamaingar, Superintendent of Kheddas in Mysore, in Notification No. 9459—Ft. F. 103-95, dated the 30th March 1898, and availed of by him from the 1st April 1898, is hereby extended by one day.

The petition box kept at the Dewan's Office, Bangalore, will be cleared at 12 noon every day by the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Departments, and, in his absence from Bangalore, by the Under-Secretary.

By Order,

C. SREENIVASIENGAR,

Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

GEOLOGICAL.

No. 362—1897-98, dated 27th April 1898.

Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. H. V. Krishnaiya, B. A., Assistant Geologist, was granted casual leave for twelve days, with effect from the 14th April 1898.

By Order,

W. F. SKEETH,

Offg. Secy. to Govt., Geol. Dept.